# Scotland's Old Parish Registers: How to Access, Use and Interpret

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#### HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

Your ancestors did not know anything about a "separation of church and state." The government and the church were intimately entwined. Scotland had an official (established) church, and your ancestors were expected to belong to it. However, the religion of the official church was not static. Groups broke off from the established church, formed their own churches, and later united with other groups. Many reunited with the established church. You must know some of the history in order to find your ancestors in Scottish church records.

#### **Time Line of Scottish Church History**

1552	Catholic Church orders registers for
	baptisms and banns of marriage to be
	kept
1560	Catholicism abolished, reformation
	begins following teachings of Calvin
1584	Episcopalians gain control of church
1592	Presbyterians gain control of church
1610	Episcopalians gain control of church
1638	Presbyterians gain control of church
1645	Westminster Confession of Faith
	accepted as the foundation of the
	Presbyterian Church
1661	Episcopalians gain control of church
1681-7	The 'Killing Time' persecution against
	the Covenanters
1690	Presbyterians Church becomes the
	Established Church of Scotland.
	Episcopalians break away to form
	Episcopal Church of Scotland.
1707	Act of Union uniting England and

Scotland

1712	Patronage Act returning to the land
	owner the right to choose a minister,
	with no approval from the congregation
	needed.
1715	Jacobite Rising
1733	Associate Presbytery formed
1743	Reformed Presbyterian Church formed
1745	Jacobite Rising
1761	Relief Church formed
1783	Stamp Act requiring 3 penny tax to
	record an event in the parish register
1793	Catholic Relief Act
1794	Stamp Act abolished
1820	Parishes required to keep registers
1829	Catholic emancipation, church records
	usually begin here
1843	Free Church formed
1847	United Presbyterian Church formed
1855	Civil Registration begins
1874	Patronage abolished

#### Effect of this History on Your Research

One of the major effects of this turbulent church history is that many Scottish families will at some time or another have connections with nonconformist groups. This means that all family baptisms may not occur within one church register. There may be gaps as some children were baptized elsewhere. Marriages may not be where you expect them. Nonconformist burials may not been recorded at all. The effects of the breakaways from the Established Church will vary by locality.

## RECORDS OF THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND

#### **Parish Identification Number**

One of the unique characteristics of Scottish research is that every parish has its own identification number. This numbering occurred when all the registers were gathered in one place following the 1854 Civil Registration Act. You will need to know the parish number of your ancestor's parish. You can find it in several sources, including Bloxham's *Key to the Old Parochial Registers of Scotland*. The parish number is also listed along with the parish name in the Family History Library Catalog, which can be found online at <a href="https://www.familysearch.org">www.familysearch.org</a>.

### **Baptismal Registers**

The details vary greatly. The entry might be as simple as the date of baptism, name of child, and name of father. However, the register may provide the date of baptism (sometimes including date of birth), name of the child, the name of the child's father and often the child's mother including her maiden name, occupation of the father, where the family was living, and names of witnesses.

#### **Proclamation and Marriage Registers**

In many parishes it was more common to record the proclamation of the forthcoming marriage than the marriage itself. In theory proclamations were read on three Sundays prior to the marriage, but could be waived by a fee.

What was actually recorded in the registers varied greatly. The information may include the dates of proclamations (which are often noted as one entry even if taking place on three Sundays); the date of the marriage; the name of the bride and groom; the parish of each and sometimes their places of residence; occupation of the man; occasionally the name of the bride's father, and rarely the name of the groom's father, and the name of the minister.

Occasionally you will find the names of the cautioners, usually relatives, who gave pledges at the time of the proclamation for the good behavior for the bridge and groom with the pledge being redeemed at the time of the wedding, and the names of the witnesses. If the bride and groom lived in different parishes, the proclamation would be made in both. The dates in each register may not match because the proclamations may have occurred on different days. Plus, one register might record the proclamation and the other the marriage.

### **Burial and MortCloth Dues Registers**

In many parishes burials have not been recorded until relatively modern times. Recording was difficult because in some areas the deceased was carried to his native parish. Some parishes had up to eight different burial places. In some parishes the registers may record age at death, cause of death, residence, and occupation. Occasionally very full details are included about the circumstances of the death.

For many parishes the only record is of dues paid for the rental of the mortcloth (or funeral pall). The problem is that dues were not paid by the poor, nor often by the landed family who donated the mortcloth. The cloth itself may not have been used for children under ten years of age. In some parishes privately-held mortcloths could be rented cheaper than those belonging to the parish. If one of these was rented it would not be recorded in the parish register.

## What Do I Need to Know Before Searching this Record?

Get background on parish and its neighbors.

For parish boundary maps and local information use: *The Phillimore Atlas and Index of Parish Registers*; Lewis' *Topographical Dictionary of Scotland*; *Groome's Ordnance Gazetteer of Scotland*.

Read the 1791-9 and 1845 Statistical Accounts of Scotland for your locality at http://edina.ac.uk/stat-acc-scot/index.shtml.

Note that the opening page states that this is a fee based search, however all users can search for a locality and then browse the pages. There is also The Third Statistical Account of Scotland, but this is not available online.

Check the appropriate parish at FamilySearch wiki - https://wiki.familysearch.org. Also check the county and parish sections at GENUKI - www.genuki.org.uk.

## **How Do I Know What Parish Registers Exist?**

You can obtain a listing of all parish registers for the Church of Scotland in Bloxham's, *Key to the Parochial Registers of Scotland*. This book tells which baptism, marriage, and burial registers exist listing years covered, their condition, including missing records or gaps in the registers. It indicates when records of one type are interspersed with records of another type on the film. It also gives FHL microfilm numbers but of the first filming, search the catalog and order the second filming.

Turnbull's Scottish Parochial Registers: Memoranda of the State of the Parochial Registers of Scotland, Whereby is Clearly Shown the Imperative Necessity for a National System of Regular Registration available on microfiche gives more details, plus information about other registers.

An alternative source is *The Parishes, Registers & Registrars of Scotland*.

#### **Indexes**

All parish registers from the Church of Scotland have been indexed. However, remember the religious history, there have been numerous breakaways from the Church of Scotland, and

the registers from these churches are generally not included in the index.

Same index available in 3 formats

- 1. Scottish Church Records Index on CD (FHC)
- 2. Scottish Church Records Index on microfiche
- 4 versions by county (FHC)
- 3. <www.scotlandspeople.gov.uk> for fee also check:
- 4. FamilySearch includes International Genealogical Index (IGI) extractions and British Isles Vital Records Index.

## Why can't I find my ancestor in the Scottish Church Records index?

- You're looking for the wrong name.
- There are too many people with the same name.
- You are looking in the wrong place
- The event occurred between 1783 and 1794.
- Your search criteria was too narrow.
- The marriage was not recorded in the parish registers.
- Your ancestors were nonconformists.
- The event was missed when indexing or wasn't recorded at all.

### Ancestor found in Index - What's next

Parish Register Computer Printouts christenings marriages

OPR indexes on microfiche given name index to christenings surname index to christenings given name index to marriages surname index to marriages

Original registers

births / christening marriages / proclamations burials / mortcloth rentals

Other Records

Monumental Inscriptions Kirk Session Records Probate Records (all online) Inventories of records in the National Archives of Scotland. Most records of nonconformist churches are not available on microfilm through the Family History Library. Many of them, however, are housed at the National Archives of Scotland (NAS).

Free Church Records CH 3
Religious Society of Friends CH 10
Methodist Records CH 11
Episcopal Church of Scotland CH 12
Miscellaneous Smaller Churches CH 13-17
Roman Catholic Records RH 21

Some of the records from these churches are now being added to Scotlandspeople website, especially from the Roman Catholic churches. Maps showing Roman Catholic churches can be found online at ScotlandsPeople.

#### For Genealogical Information

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